

# Farnborough Grange Nursery and Infant School – Curriculum Overview

# **History**

Nuveom	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nursery	What makes me special?	What do we celebrate?	What grows in my garden?	Who helps us?	What lives in my garden?	What happens next?
Skills	<ul> <li>Can talk about things being old and new.</li> <li>Can talk about pictures of themselves using appropriate vocabulary.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can identify whether something is old or new.</li> <li>Can begin to use historical words and phrases when discussing items that relate to them e.g. toys.</li> <li>Can comment on actions and consequences.</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>Can identify that they are different now to when they were babies.</li> <li>Can talk about past and present events in their own lives.</li> <li>Can talk about significant things in their own lives.</li> </ul>
Knowledge	<ul><li>Some things are old.</li><li>Some things are new.</li></ul>	Core:  Toys are different.  Hinterland:  When comparing, identify how two objects are different.				<ul> <li>Know that they are moving to Infant school.</li> <li>Know that they are different now to when they were a baby.</li> <li>Hinterland:</li> <li>To know the name of the school/class that they are moving on to.</li> </ul>
Key vocabulary	Old, new, me	Old, new, different				School, nursery, baby, now

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception	What makes me magical?	How do we celebrate?	What makes our world	Where do different animals	What is a traditional tale?	What if there was a
			wonderful?	live?		commotion in the ocean?
Skills	<ul> <li>Identify things that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can use simple</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify that certain</li> </ul>	
	have happened in	some events and	items can tell us	words to describe	choices have a	
	the past relating to	people from the past		the passing of time.	consequence to	
	their own lives.	are important.	something.	<ul> <li>Identify that things</li> </ul>	them.	
	<ul> <li>Begin to identify that</li> </ul>	Identify that some		from the past might		
	some things have	things within living		be different from	character in a simple	
	happened before	memory have changed and some		today e.g. toys, technology,	story book took the action they did.	
	they were born –	things have stayed		transport etc.	action they did.	
	relating to parents	the same.		transport etc.		
	and grandparents.	the same.				
	Begin to ask simple					
	questions about people and events					
	from within living					
	memory.					
Knowledge	Core:	Core:	Core:	Core:	Core:	
	<ul> <li>Know birthday month.</li> </ul>	Remembrance Day is	<ul> <li>Chinese lanterns are</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mary Anning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that a character</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Know that their</li> </ul>	celebrated to	used to celebrate	discovered dinosaur	in a book made a	
	family/carers were	remember soldiers.	Chinese New Year.	bones.	choice.	
	alive before they were born.	Hinterland:	Hinterland:	Hinterland:	Hinterland:	
	DOTTI.	Bonfire Night is	<ul><li>Chinese lanterns can</li></ul>	<ul><li>The dinosaur bones</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Know that there are</li> </ul>	
	Hinterland:	celebrated on 5 <sup>th</sup>	tell us about Chinese	were discovered in	different explanations	
	<ul> <li>Know their birthday.</li> </ul>	November and is linked	New Year.	Dorset. Dorset is in	as to why the character	
		to Guy Fawkes.		England.	took the action that	
					they did.	
- /		Past, today, before, now,	Object	Old, new	Same, next	
vocabulary	now	then				

	Autumn 1	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1	Changes in our lives	Queen Elizabeth II > King Charles III. Windsor and Odiham Castle	Then and Now: School and Toys in the Victorian era -v-now.
Skills	<ul> <li>Recount changes that have occurred in their own lives.</li> <li>Identify that events and changes have happened in an order.</li> <li>Can use simple timelines to sequence processes, events and objects within their own experience.</li> <li>Knows that a familiar event, such as a birthday, can be represented in different ways e.g. a photo, a video etc.</li> <li>Can talk about pictures of themselves using appropriate vocabulary e.g. When I was a baby.</li> <li>Identify that changes have happened in history that can impact on today.</li> <li>Can give a simple reason why someone did what they did in a historical setting.</li> <li>Identify that history can affect the local area, as well as nationally and globally.</li> <li>Identify how events from history are so significant that they are remembered each year.</li> <li>Can describe an event, orally or verbally.</li> <li>Can orally retell the main episodes of famous past events.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify why some individuals are significant, both locally and nationally.</li> <li>Begin to understand what makes someone or something significant.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify that there are some themes that link history together – schools, toys etc.</li> <li>Can identify that events and people from the past may have occurred over a greater period of time than just themselves.</li> <li>Can extract simple information from text/pictures/objects, showing basic comprehension skills.</li> <li>Can begin to understand that we have different views of familiar events.</li> <li>Can see that there are several versions of an object by comparing pictures.</li> <li>Identify that there are reasons for continuities and changes and being able to state some of these.</li> <li>Identify that continuity or change can be both a good and bad thing.</li> </ul>
Knowledge	<ul> <li>Core:</li> <li>Children to know their birthday.</li> <li>Children to know that they were born in the past.</li> <li>Children to talk about themselves.</li> </ul> Hinterland:	<ul> <li>Core:</li> <li>Queen Elizabeth was Queen of the United Kingdom.</li> <li>She was the longest reigning monarch.</li> <li>Queen Elizabeth's official residence was Buckingham Palace.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Core:</li> <li>The Victorians were the people who lived during the reign of Queen Victoria.</li> <li>Not many people could read or write, but Queen Victoria made all children go to school.</li> <li>Going to school in Victorian times was very different to school life today.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Children to know their year of birth.</li> <li>Can make inferences from photographs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Queen Elizabeth spent a lot of time at Windsor Castle. Windsor is near to Farnborough.</li> <li>Queen Elizabeth died on 8<sup>th</sup> September 2022.</li> <li>Her son, Charles, is now the King.</li> <li>Odiham Castle was built before Windsor Castle.</li> <li>Hinterland:</li> <li>Queen Elizabeth was born in 1926 in London as Princess Elizabeth.</li> <li>She married Philip (Duke of Edinburgh) and had 4 children.</li> <li>Corgis were her favourite dogs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Children sat at desks, in rows, facing the front.</li> <li>Children were expected to be very respectful to their teachers – 'Sir', 'Maam'/Madam'.</li> <li>Pupils were punished harshly if they misbehaved.</li> <li>Children studied the three Rs.</li> <li>PE lessons were called drill.</li> <li>Children wrote on slate.</li> <li>Children played with toys during the Victorian times, but these toys were mostly quite different to the toys that children might play with today.</li> <li>Some Victorian toys are still played with today.</li> <li>Hinterland:</li> <li>Queen Victoria was queen for almost 64 years.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>The classroom in Victorian times was sometimes known as the schoolroom.</li> <li>Classes were very large – sometimes 40, 70 or even 100 pupils.</li> </ul>
Key	Then, now, same, different, when I was a baby, a long	Then, now, same, different, before, after, famous,	Explain, source, predict, evidence, long ago,
vocabulary	time ago, when I was little, sequence, event, celebrate,	Explain, source, predict, evidence, remember, local	Victorians, Queen Victoria, reign, schoolroom,
	remember, before I was born,	area, reign, royal, rule, castle, moat, tower, motte	
		bailey, keep, tower, Queen, King	

	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 2	The Titanic	The history of air travel in Farnborough and The	The lives and influence of significant individuals –
		Space Race	Florence Nightingale.
Skills	<ul> <li>Identify that the past is remembered or</li> </ul>	• Identify that events have happened in the past	Identify that the past can be commemorated
	'constructed' in different ways across the	and significant people from the past have	each year at specific times.
	world.	helped shape the present locally, nationally	Can identify and compare people from
	<ul> <li>Can demonstrate a basic understanding of why</li> </ul>	and internationally.	different periods of time.
	certain events happened at certain times with	<ul> <li>Identify how periods of time can impact on</li> </ul>	Identify why certain people and events are
	some basic reasoning.	individuals and events.	significant in the wider context of history.

- Can sequence parts of a more complex story where action takes place over a long period of time.
- Can make simple deductions about what text means based on what's included e.g. the passengers on the Titanic are dressed very differently so they must be travelling in different classes.
- Can make a semi-independent decision and use evidence provided to justify.
- Can see that there are different versions of real historical events e.g. different written and pictorial versions of life on the Titanic.
- Can see that not all written accounts give exactly the same reason for something.
- Can understand that people can disagree about what happened in the past without one of them being wrong.
- Can give a clear explanation of an important event in history, offering two or three reasons why that event took place.
- Can label and annotate a picture showing awareness of significant features not seen today.

- Identify why some things have stayed the same throughout history e.g. people travelling on boats.
- Can make increasing use of period-specific vocabulary.
- Identify that changes throughout history have had important consequences.
- Can explain why events have happened using connecting phrases e.g. "another reason was..." and "also..."

- Identify that certain individuals and events have had an impact locally, nationally and internationally.
- Can draw upon simple consequences from people's actions in the past e.g. Due to Florence Nightingale helping soldiers, they got better.
- Identify specific causes and effects from different periods and begin to establish links between them.

### Knowledge

### Core:

- RMS Titanic was built by the White Star Line and was the world's largest passenger line.
- Titanic was a steamship.
- Its maiden voyage began on 10<sup>th</sup> April 1912 in Southampton.
- 1506 people died on board the Titanic.
- Titanic did not have enough lifeboats.
- Titanic hit an iceberg on the night of 14<sup>th</sup>-15<sup>th</sup> April.

#### Hinterland:

- The Titanic measured 882 feet (260 metres) long and weighed 52, 310 tons.
- The Titanic took over three years to build.

### Core:

- Samuel Cody was born on 6<sup>th</sup> March 1897 in America.
- Samuel Cody moved to England during his early 20s

   he worked in Aldershot and lived in Mytchett,
   before eventually moving to Ash Vale.
- Cody was the first man to cross the English Channel towed by kites and the first man in England to build and fly a powered aircraft.
- He died on 8<sup>th</sup> May 1944 in Farnborough.
- Neil Armstrong was born on 5<sup>th</sup> August 1930.
- He was the first person to walk on the moon.
  - He was a famous American astronaut.

### Core:

- Florence Nightingale was a nurse.
- Florence Nightingale grew up in Hampshire (LOCAL LINK).
- She made hospitals cleaner for patients and looked after soldiers in the Crimean war.
- Hospitals were overcrowded and there weren't enough beds. They were dirty and had rats. There weren't enough doctors.
- Florence Nightingale made hospitals cleaner. She gave patients good food. She saved many lives.
- She is known as the 'Lady of the Lamp' because she carried a lamp with her when she checked on patients at night.

	<ul> <li>In 1911, Titanic was declared practically unsinkable.</li> <li>It was a legal requirement of British law that third class passengers could not mix with first or second</li> </ul>	He died on 25 <sup>th</sup> August 2012.  Hinterland:	Florence Nightingale set up the Nightingale School for nurses in 1860.
	<ul><li>class passengers on Titanic.</li><li>Titanic could carry 64 lifeboats but only carried 20.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Growing up, Cody was a cowboy and circus performer.</li> <li>Cody was the first man in England to be killed in a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hinterland:</li> <li>Crimean War (1853-15856) - a war between Russia on one side and Britain, France, the Ottoman</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>powered aircraft accident.</li> <li>In 1969, Armstrong went aboard Apollo 11 and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Empire and Sardinia on the other.</li> <li>Florence Nightingale changed the way that hospitals looked after their patients.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>became the first man to walk on the moon.</li> <li>After stepping onto the moon, Neil Armstrong was heard saying: "That's one small step for man, one</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>She changed the way that people thought about nurses.</li> <li>She changed the way that people thought about</li> </ul>
		giant leap for mankind."	women.
Key	-	•	Present, past, earlier, later, research, artefact, eye-
vocabulary	maiden voyage, passenger, iceberg, survivor, bow,	witness account, similarities, differences, action, Samuel Cody, English Channel, aviation, aircraft, Farnborough,	
	starboard, hull	Neil Armstrong, Apollo 11, astronaut,	